

## Supply List For: <br> Acrylics: Painting for Beginners GENI 1535

## Acrylics: Painting for Beginners

Date: TBA
Time: 6:00 pm - 9:00 pm (6 classes)
Instructor: Larissa Mclean

Let us make this process simple and affordable. Look to purchase acrylic paints in the following colors (I recommend buying a 'warm' and a 'cool' variant of each, as specified below):

- Blue (ultramarine/warm, phthalo/cool)
- Red (cadmium/warm, alizarin crimson or quinacridone/cool)
- Yellow (cadmium/warm, hansa or primary/cool)
- Paynes Grey (substitute for black)
- ONE other colour of your choice (my fave is quinacridone gold, diazinon purple or teal)
- ONE large tube of Titanium white (thicker or heavy bodied
- ONE medium container of white acrylic gesso

You may purchase either "student" or "artist" grade, and may bring other optional colours to try.

I mostly work in Holbein, Da Vinci and Golden brand acrylics, but Liquitex is also adequate.

## Brushes

You do not need to buy expensive brushes for acrylics. Synthetics will do. I highly recommend the following set to start:

- Two sizes of fan brush (small $1 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ and large $1^{\prime \prime}$ )
- Two sizes of flat brushes ( $1 / 2^{\prime \prime}, 1^{\prime \prime}$ )
- Two sizes of round brushes
- Two angle brush/chisel tip (small for detail work and large) I work primarily with chisel and angled brushes.
- A Fan brush or a hogs hair heavy bristle brush

If you can find a brush set with the above, it will be cheaper (look for deals at Michaels).
Even Dollar stores sometimes have adequate brushes.

## Other Supplies

- ONE palette. (pad, block, traditional palette container or large plastic lid). You can make a palette from plastic egg holders sold in the camping section at hardware stores; these are perfect for holding your colors because they can be closed to keep acrylics from drying too quickly.
- GREEN painters masking tape.
- TWO plastic containers for water (e.g., yogurt containers)
- Some pencils for sketching (H, higher numbers are lighter)
- Erasers: white or gum
- Pen and notebook
- Paper towels (blue shop towels are best for blotting)


## Painting Surfaces

Acrylics can be used on almost any surface. Classes will first focus on paper media. Purchase the following paper types:
Paper:

- 140 lb . hot-press fluid 100 paper ( $9 \times 12$ or larger). Cheaper to buy in pad or block (look for $50 \%$ off sales at Michaels in Nanaimo or at Iron Oxide)
this is a smooth paper that has little or no 'tooth'. If students prefer paper with more texture, feel free to purchase other types as well.


## Board

- Acid-free Masonite board 5x7 or larger


## Canvas

- Cotton-stretched canvas ( $12 \times 12$ to start or larger) (gessoed)

Later in the course, I may direct you to purchase other surfaces such as Cradle Board.

## Overview

During the first class, I will talk about priming the surface (substrate) and move into tools and technique over the following weeks. I will show the difference between acrylics, fluid acrylics, and heavy-bodied acrylics to allow students to find their favored medium.

I will bring in my own Holbein colored gessos for students to try and closer to the end of the session we will experiment with mixed-media techniques in combination with acrylics.

